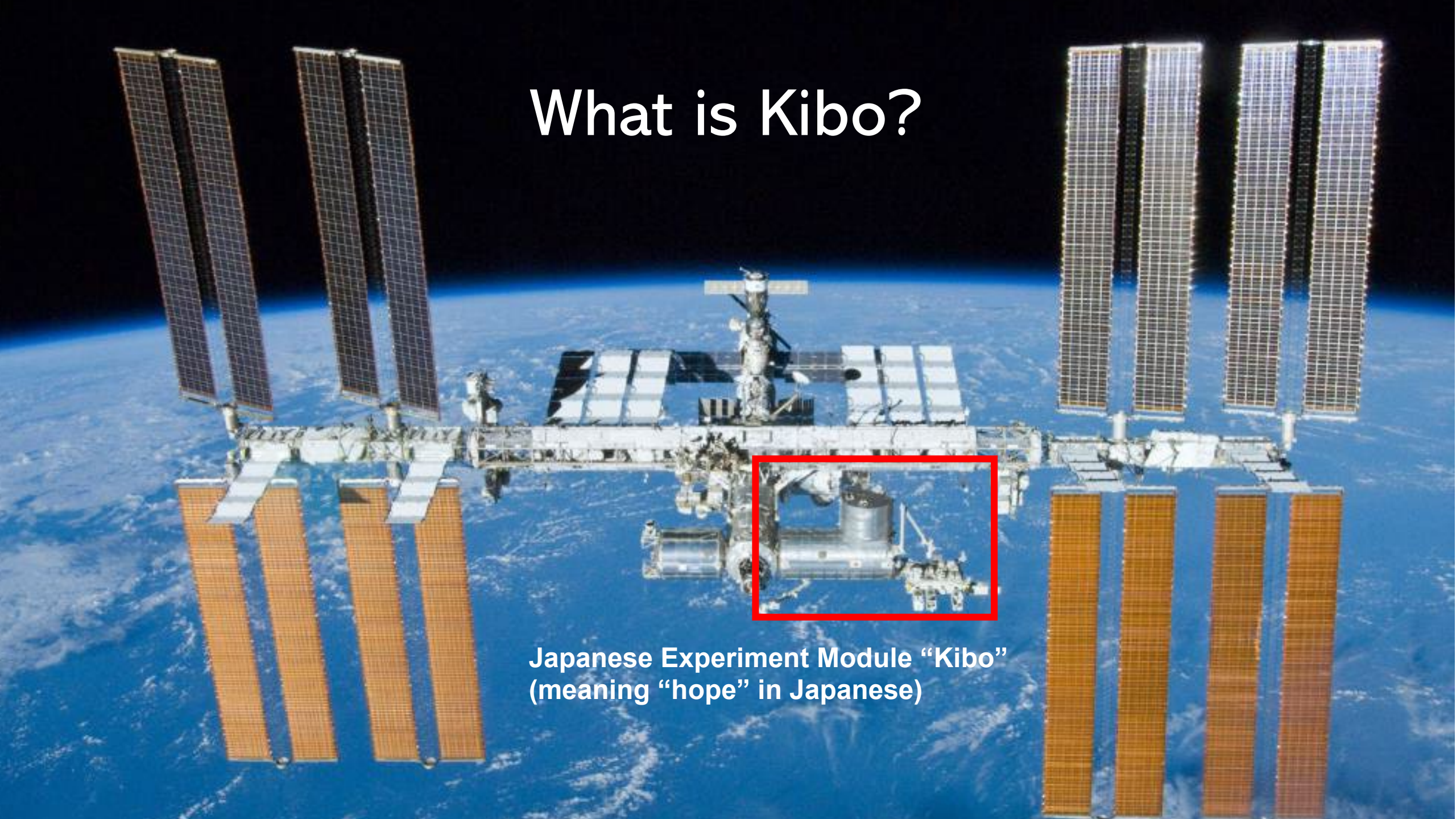


# CubeSat deployment from ISS/Kibo

**Izumi YOSHIZAKI**

Project Manager for CubeSat Program  
Human Spaceflight Technology Directorate,  
Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA)

# What is Kibo?



Japanese Experiment Module “Kibo”  
(meaning “hope” in Japanese)



# Japanese Experiment Module “Kibo”

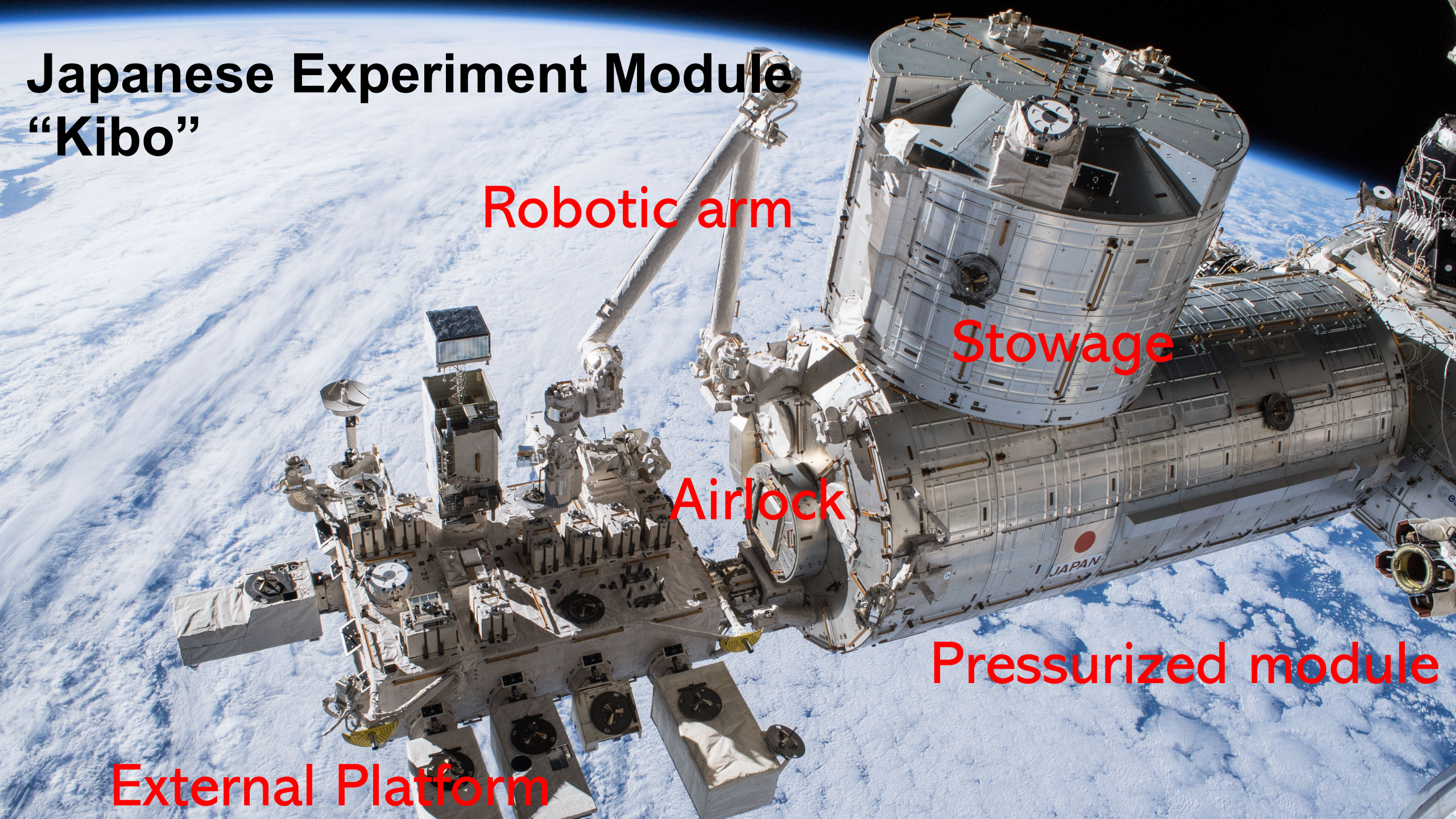
Robotic arm

Stowage

Airlock

Pressurized module

External Platform





A 3D CAD model of the Japanese Experiment Module (JEM) airlock and its associated robotic arm. The airlock is a large, cylindrical structure with a circular hatch. A long, white, multi-jointed robotic arm extends from the airlock. The arm is composed of several segments connected by joints. At the end of the arm is a small satellite orbital deployer. The entire assembly is shown against a black background, with various components and structural details visible. Labels with leader lines point to the airlock, the arm, and the deployer.

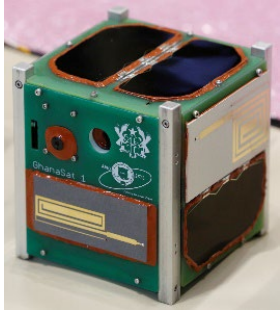
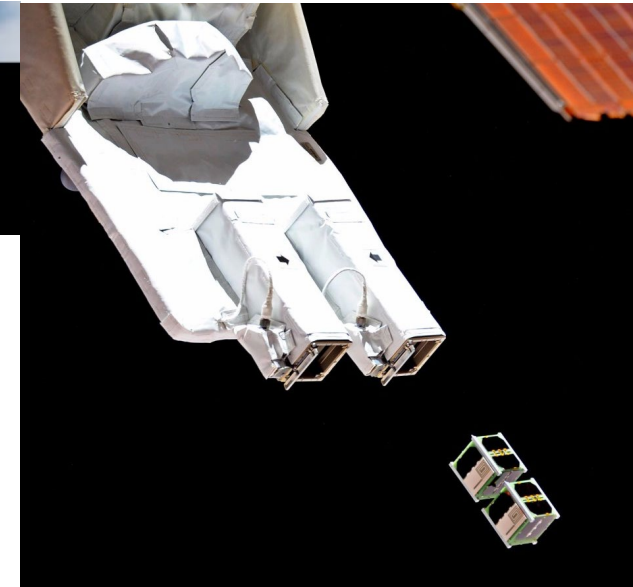
**JEM Airlock**

**Robotic Arm  
(JEMRMS)**

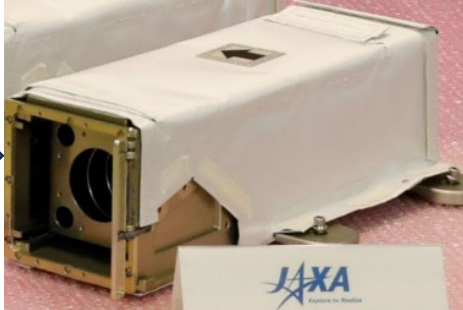
**JEM Small  
Satellite Orbital  
Deployer  
(J-SSOD)**

# JEM Small Satellite Orbital Deployer

# J-SSOD



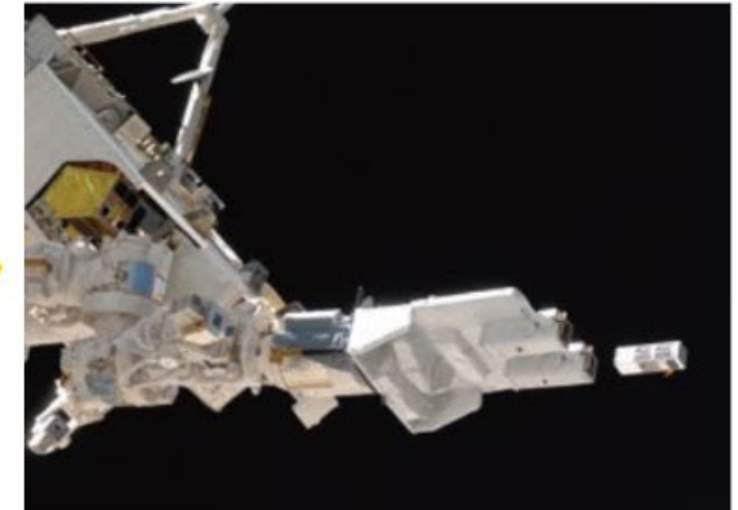
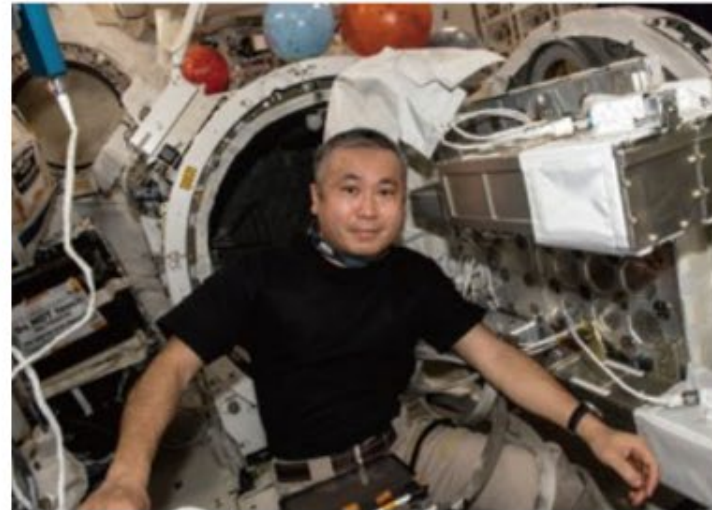
CubeSat



J-SSOD Satellite Install Case



Cargo Transfer Bag



**1** The satellite install case which installs CubeSats is stowed in a soft-cushion bag for shipping. The satellite install case is launched by a cargo transfer vehicle to ISS.

**2** The satellite install case is installed on the MPEP by the crew member in Japanese Experiment Module "Kibo", and then transferred from the airlock to the outside.

**3** The robotic arm of "Kibo" holds the MPEP to transfer it to the release point. The satellites are deployed by a command signal sent from ground.





First CubeSATS deployed from ISS  
(2012, Oct). “WE WISH”, “RAIKO”

# Since 2012, 91 CubeSats from 32 countries were deployed using J-SSOD.

Countries which deployed satellites using J-SSOD (excluding Japan).

2012 : **USA** , **Vietnam**

2013 : **USA**, **Vietnam**

2014, 2015 : **Brazil**

2016 : **Singapore**, **Philippines**, **Italy**

2017 : **Bangladesh**, **Ghana**, **Mongolia**, **Nigeria**

2018 : **Bhutan**, **Costa Rica**, **Kenya**, **Philippines**, **Malaysia**, **Singapore**, **Turkey**

2019 : **Nepal**, **Rwanda**, **Sri Lanka**, **Egypt**, **Singapore**

2020 : **Philippines**, **Guatemala**, **Paraguay**, **Myanmar**, **Israel**

2021 : **Mauritius**, **UAE**, **Australia**, **Philippines**

2022 : **Moldova**, **Zimbabwe**, **Uganda**

2023 : **Indonesia**, **Philippines**

2024 : **Australia**

■ 1.First Satellite, Non-ISS Partner ■ 2.Non-ISS Partner ■ 3.ISS Partner



UNOOSA

# Capacity building through J-SSOD

Collaboration with UNOOSA  
(United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs)

Collaboration with UNISEC  
(University Space Engineering Consortium)



## Kibo CUBE 1U

- Program in collaboration with UNOOSA
- To provide 1U size CubeSat deployment opportunities for Access to Space for All

## J-CUBE 1U~3U (Fee-Based)

- To provide more challenging satellite deployment opportunities for various countries in collaboration with Japanese universities

1U ~ Wide 6U  
and  
50kg satellite

Deployment is provided by two service providers.

1. Space BD Inc.
2. Mitsui Bussan Aerospace Co.Ltd.

## Kibo CUBE Academy

- To provide opportunities for educational aspects through satellite lifecycle
- Sustained international contribution by construction of relation in various countries and university in Japan



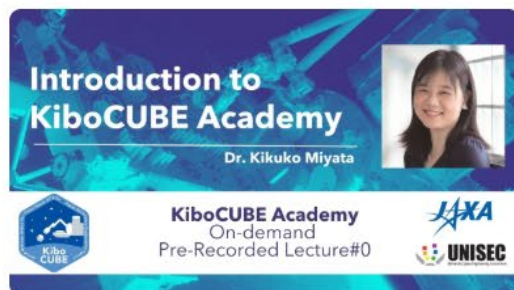
# The free lectures are posted here !

[https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/access2space4all/SatDevTrack\\_Webinars.html#Tag1](https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/access2space4all/SatDevTrack_Webinars.html#Tag1)



## Live sessions are also held a few times a year.

### LECTURE 0



Introduction to KiboCUBE Academy ( [pdf](#) and [video](#) ) \*updated in June 2025

### LECTURE 1



Introduction to Small Satellite Mission and Utilization ( [pdf](#) and [video](#) ) \*updated April 2023

### LECTURE 2



CubeSats for Capacity Building ( [pdf](#) and [video](#) )

### LECTURE 3



Overview of Project Management of Satellite Development ( [pdf](#) and [video](#) )

### LECTURE 4



Systems Engineering for Micro/nano/pico-satellites ( [pdf](#) and [video](#) )

### LECTURE 5



Introduction of Safety Review Process ( [pdf](#) and [video](#) )



# Advantages of J-SSOD (compared to rocket ride)

1. Get technical support from experts (UNISEC, JAXA, Service provider)
2. Launch opportunities 3-4 times a year (even if you miss a certain flight, you don't have to wait for a long time for the next chance)
3. Low vibration during launch compared to rocket rides
4. You can see the deployment at real-time!





